



The Alpha and Omega of Condo Financing

January 22, 2020 Kimberly Castiglioni VP/National Condo Manager

Disclaimer

The information contained in these materials is solely the responsibility of Wells Fargo. NAHB does not review, approve, or endorse the materials of any sponsor presented or distributed in connection with the NAHB International Builders' Show® ("IBS"), and NAHB specifically disclaims and shall not be liable for any loss, claim, risk, damage, injury (personal or otherwise), which may be incurred directly or indirectly as a consequence of the use of or reliance upon these materials provided by Wells Fargo.

Current Condominium Marketplace Key drivers:

Urban Lifestyle Purpose Low Maintenance

Urban environment enables owners to have an active lifestyle, smaller units with bigger amenities, green space, mixed use projects, close to transportation and work.

Depending on its
location, a
condominium can
serve as an urban
living alternative, a
vacation getaway, a
second home,
investment or
college dorm
alternative

A condominium may be a great option for empty nesters looking to downsize, or seniors looking to minimize upkeep responsibilities and remain independent

The Alpha and Omega of Condo Financing

Condo approval requirements:

- Presale
- Owner Occupancy
- Single Entity Ownership
- Commercial Space
- Incidental Business Income
- Reserves
- Insurance
- Environmental concerns
- Legal, Construction or Marketing Phases



Basic condo Review types:

- Site and 2 4 unit
 Condo
- Agency conforming
- FHA/VA
- Non-Conforming Portfolio
- Non-warrantable

Getting Started: Setting up warrantability from Day 1

Legal Documents

- Compliance with State and Local Laws
- Material Amendments to Documents must be agreed to by Mortgagees
- Contain rights of condo mortgagees and guarantors and first mortgagee lien rights confirmed
- Not a time for creative legal structures (e.g. developer retaining ownership of parking or amenities, mandatory memberships, recreation leases, platform condos).
- Main legal exhibits (CC&R's/ OP/Declaration and By-laws) should clearly state what the project will consist of -phases, multiple neighborhoods, amenities.
- Shared amenities between HOAs, not developer-owned apartments or hotel

Commercial Space up to 35%

- Mixed-use considerations; retail, apartment units, hotel or office buildings
- Condo HOA and MHOA/REA (financial and voting rights)
- Mixed-use vs. Live-work

Environmental Concerns

- Mitigation vs. Remediation
- Clear Letters (by phase) and No Further Action Letters

Completion

Substantially complete vs. 100% complete

Phasing

Legal phases vs. Construction phase vs. Marketing phases

Budget

- 10% reserve allocation that will continue to be funded when developer relinquishes control
- Reserve study
- Capital Contributions

Closing Out: Setting up the HOA for future success

Established projects are:

- 100% complete
- No remaining annexation
- HOA control has been turned over to the unit owners.
- 80% of the units have been conveyed to new owners

Relinquishing developer control

Amenities

Transitioning from developer to investor-owned units

Single Entity Concentration caps at 20% for projects with 21 or more units

Reserves for future maintenance

Avoid Special Assessments

Create a great customer experience:

 Capture first generation customers for life - satisfied unit owners may purchase from you in the future based on a good experience





Thank you

Kimberly S Castiglioni VP / National Condo Manager Builder Division Cell 813-294-3695 Kimberly.Castiglioni@wellsfargo.com